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Page 247
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                           IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FOURTH
                           JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR
                           DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA
                           CASE NO.: 16-2013-CA-6244.
                           DIVISION: CV-E
    LYNNETTE ROEBUCK, individually,
 5
     and as Personal Representative of the
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    Estate of KALIL McCOY, deceased,
                    Plaintiff,
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    FREDERICK "Freddie" LEE WADE,
    KENNARD "Boogie" MAHONE,
    JONATHAN "Flip" BROOKS, individuals,
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                    Defendants.
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                  TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
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       DATE TAKEN: Tuesday, January 15, 2019
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       PLACE:
                    Duval County Courthouse
                    501 West Adams Street, Courtroom 312
16
                    Jacksonville, Florida 32202
       BEFORE:
                    Honorable Robert M. Dees
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                       Reported by:
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                       Renee B. Farhat
              Registered Professional Reporter
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21
22
            RILEY REPORTING AND ASSOCIATES, INC.
23
            1300 Riverplace Boulevard, Suite 610
                Jacksonville, Florida 32207
                       (904) 358-1615
                  info@rilevreporting.com
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                                                   Page 248
                                                                                                               Page 262
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             APPEARANCES
                                                                 arguments. When they're through, I will have a
                                                             1
                                                                 few final instructions about your deliberations.
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                                                                     Counsel.
    JOHN M. PHILLIPS, Esquire,
                                                             4
                                                                     MR. PHILLIPS: May it please the Court?
    KIRBY W. JOHNSON, Esquire,
                                                             5
                                                                          PLAINTIFF'S CLOSING STATEMENT
    WILLIAM K. WALKER, Esquire,
         Law Office of John M. Phillips, LLC
                                                                     MR. PHILLIPS: Ladies and gentlemen, we
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         4230 Ortega Boulevard
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                                                                 started yesterday. Sometimes these wrongful
         Jacksonville, Florida 32210
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                                                                 death cases will go a week or more. My last one
         jmp@floridajustice.com
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                                                                 went six days. And you heard the story of
         kirby@floridajustice.com
                                                                 daughter, sister, and friend, Kalil McCoy. You
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         william@floridajustice.com
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                                                                 also heard the story of victim Kalil McCoy.
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         appearing on behalf of Plaintiff.
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                                                                     There's a lot of cases that juries were
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                                                                 selected yesterday, the criminal cases, the
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                                                                 traffic cases, businesses that have disputes.
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                                                                 And kind of by lottery, you guys were cast with
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                                                                 this one, incredibly difficult, and we thank you
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                                                                 for sitting there yesterday through some hard,
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                                                                 hard things to hear.
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                                                                     You know, going to the criminal side of
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                                                                 things, we talked about it in jury selection. We
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                                                                 know that there was a day in court where these
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                                                                 gentlemen actually showed up. They were required
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                                                                 to. They came in handcuffs, and if they didn't
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                                                                 plead guilty -- which some of them did.
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                                                                     But they -- they weren't required to be here
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1 today. And you heard in the Court's jury

- 2 instruction the defendants do not contest the
- 3 claims raised. But that doesn't mean that we
- don't have to have a trial on damages, we
- don't -- that we can determine what the value of
- 6 Kalil McCoy's life and Lynnette Roebuck and her
- 7 family's loss are. And that's your job. And we,
- again, appreciate you taking it on.

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You know, the family doesn't get their day in court, so to speak, at the criminal case. You don't get to put on evidence as the family. It's even styled the State of Florida versus Frederick Wade. In this one, you know, as you see on your verdict form, it says who the party is. It's Ms. Roebuck on behalf of her daughter.

December 31st, 1990, to June 19th, 2011, 20 years old. It hit me when her mom said that she worked at Forever 21. I got caught up for a second because she's going to be forever 20.

So we'll take you briefly -- my goal is not to overdo it. You've heard it. We're the only side talking today. But June 20th, 2011, you heard what happened at Kooker Park. Kalil wanted to hang out with a guy she had gone to prom with, consenting adults. One problem: He had -- they

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call it a woman on the side. He had another lady.

And whether it's because Kalil was a little bit young and naive or whether she was the strong woman that you saw with her mother, she wanted that window down. She wanted to be seen on that sunny Florida day. Why on earth would that start a fatal argument? We don't know. We've never gotten the answer. There's been excuses, but we've never gotten that answer. And so, for whatever reason, Mr. Wade decided that day he didn't want the drama. They argued. They argued.

And so it's important to run through the basic facts. This isn't an accident case. This is an intentional infliction of emotional distress case and an intentional or reckless -giving all benefit of the doubt to defendants -wrongful death case.

It was not an accident that Wade kept a gun in the car. It was not an accident that that gun was loaded, that it was taken out and was coupled with anger and threats, that he threatened her life before he took it, that he waved it at her head repeatedly, that he said -- and I'm not

Page 265 going to say the F word, but that he said, "I am

2 going to F-ing kill you if you don't shut up,"

that he intentionally took that gun -- it takes

pressure to discharge. All guns do. It's a

revolver. It's got to turn the cylinder. That

6 he fired it.

> And after -- after he shot her, witnesses in the back, through their testimony, said he said, "I told you to be quiet." And she's -- she's on her way to death. That's such a malicious thing to say to somebody. No one claimed he freaked out. No one claimed he drove around Jacksonville aimlessly, saying, Oh, my God, what am I going to

13 14 do? like we see in the movies.

He went to a dump site, and he recruited one of the guys with him to dump the body. No 911, no ambulances. It's not an accident that he

18 didn't drop her body off where it even could be

19 found. Take her back to Kooker Park at

20 4:00 a.m., 5:00 a.m. in the morning. Not a

21 chance. But inside the woods, inside a dump site

22 where no one wants to go because of the smells,

because of the snakes, because of the other wild 23

animals. They put her in there, and they put her 24

25 in there intentionally. They didn't want her to

Page 266

be found. They left her there in the middle of 1 2 summer to be victimized more.

He organizes the conspiracy to cover it all up. And, again, we don't know what makes people do things like this. But I don't know if it was out of fear of Wade or out of some level of co-conspiracy or that they were afraid they'd all get in trouble. But the quickest way out of trouble is the right thing. None of them did the right thing for days and days.

Then he and I think Brooks clean his car so thoroughly that it's still sopping with chemicals and wet a week later. No DNA is found because all you see is the bleach and the stuff used to clean it. But it gets -- that's -- those are the worst horrors that I think there could be within a story.

But it gets worse for Mr. Wade. He walks up to the twin brother of Kalil McCoy. And I want to make sure I get this right. He says -- he kind of hugs him and kind of taps and says, "I hope they find the person that did this."

Even after seven hours of interrogation, the officer said he lied and lied and lied. And then I think they knew that -- he knew that it was his

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1 time. He told his boys that -- you know, "I'll

- 2 take this like a man if it comes down to it."
- 3 Well, he finally, I guess, you know, somewhat
- 4 took it like a man. Well, then he still had to
- 5 go to trial, so I don't know. Did he? So that's
- 6 Wade. There would be no wrongful death but for
- o made. There would be no wrongful deadh but h
- 7 Wade. He shot her. There's no question about

8 that.

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so courageous.

9 But there would be no travesty, no
10 deprivation of justice, no appalling treatment of
11 human beings, fellow human beings, if it wasn't
12 for what Brooks did. Brooks picked a person up,
13 carried them out into the woods for them to be
14 forever hidden and helped lie and conspire.

Kennard Mahone, again, he didn't touch the body, right, but -- and you can judge all of the witnesses. It seemed to me that Ms. Roebuck had unique pain from Mahone. Why? Because she knew him. She trusted him. He dated her daughter. Never called Crime Stoppers. It's anonymous.

Never found a phone and said, Look, you've got this thing to work out. Figure it out.

23 And they don't show up here. I don't blame 24 them. Nobody wants to probably get picked on for 25 two or three days. But it's all as bad as I --

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as justice can deal with.

2 So today's Dr. King's birthday. And there's 3 a saying about, you know, birthdays. We talked

about, you know, December 31st, 1992, to

5 June 19th, 2012. And then there's that dash;

6 right? And Dr. King filled a lot in that dash.

7 39? Too young. He was struck down. Kalil McCoy

8 was too young to be struck down.

She wanted to be a psychologist. A brilliant dancer. You saw the beautiful smile. High school graduate, headed to Bethune-Cookman, a historically black college down in Daytona, to study. Worked one job, headed to a second job.

Ms. Roebuck will never see her daughter get married, will never see her have children, will never see her live out that dash.

There's going to be some evidence that goes back with you. I wouldn't be here -- we wouldn't be here without the tireless work of JSO. An officer literally stops combing through dumps to find evidence to come in and testify. Detective Gupton has done this for a living. I just -- I can't imagine the pain that they have to go through with families day in and day out. It's

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You heard the story. It was just yesterday.

2 It's not like we need to rehash all of the

3 evidence. But two professional homicide

detectives now, who have come up from the street

5 to that, testified that this sticks with them,

6 that this is the one they remember. Bydlik

because it was one of his first; Gupton because

8 of the -- and for the same reasons as Gupton,

9 which is because it was so traumatic.

I'm going to get into numbers next. And I'm going to say this once, and then I'm just going to -- I'm going to put this back down. This isn't the worst, what's in this envelope. It's clasped. I've done this before in cases. I never know whether the jury looks or not. You don't generally want to see this.

But if you think I'm too high, if you think I'm -- that the compensation that I'm asking for is not enough or is too much or if you think my punitive damage talk that I'm about to have, that I'm crazy or way high, open this up. If you look at this and then still think the same thing, fine. But this -- these are photos you can't see, and we didn't even want Ms. Roebuck to see some of the ones that we could show publicly. So

we talked about it.

You know, I often say justice is spelled one way, but it's defined many different ways. And in voir dire we talked about the criminal case and how that justice was done. And the civil case is your job, and then there's part two of the civil case, which is punitive damages, which is also your job. We're going to talk about why that's important here.

But I have to say and I want to say and I need to say the compensatory -- the first page and a half of this verdict form, which we'll get to, is compensatory. It's only designed to compensate. How in the world do juries compensate for pain and suffering from violent crime? How do they do it?

Sometimes I wonder how they do it in auto accident cases. I try those, too. How do you -- how in the world do you determine what the pain from a herniated disc is and put it into dollars? How do you do it when it's a violent death? Juries do it. They do it every day. And so that's -- that's the hardest part of your task and why we needed a jury to figure this out.

So the medical and funeral expenses, we have

that. That's the easiest line on there. \$3,680
for past funeral expenses. And the funeral

3 expenses, you'll see on the line, only go as to
4 Frederick Wade. He's the only one that caused

5 the death. You'll see that in Question 4.

So we've got Question -- this is going to be the verdict form or a copy of the verdict form that's going to go back with you. And they're in order by -- I don't even want to call them least responsible party because they're all responsible parties. But, you know, Mahone, who didn't touch Kalil's body, is first. So I suspect the numbers would increase by culpable conduct, but that's up

The judge read you -- and you'll have back with you the copy of the rules of the road, the instructions. But here's the interesting thing about this case, another interesting thing about this case, is wrongful death is pain and suffering for Ms. Roebuck and the estate. Severe emotional distress is actually broader because it's so reprehensible. Wrongful death can happen by intent or neglect. Severe intentional emotional distress is by intent.

Page 272 suffering, mental anguish, inconvenience or loss

So she's allowed to recover pain and

2 of capacity of enjoyment of life. And it's

3 difficult to talk to a mother who's lost their

4 child and try to get legal questions answered,

5 and it's one of my least favorite parts of trial

6 because it's so insignificant compared to the

7 loss. And linking dollars to loss is hard,

8 difficult.

So I can say this. I can say what other juries have done in other cases. And we all -- Kalil was, you know, registering for classes by the hour. She worked at Forever 21 and was paid by the hour. You know, we book conference rooms by the hour. And so there is a way to do this by the hour.

Compensation can be a lump sum. It's however you, as a jury, want to do it. We've seen some people be able to -- some jurors be able to, you know, take this by the hour of the loss. So Kalil was killed 2,766 days ago, 2,766 days ago. It's simple math from June 20th to January 15th, today. That's 66,384 hours.

In the future -- it's why during the middle of her testimony we published a mortality table.

Now, mortality tables are just general statistics

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on -- and there's a jury instruction about it --

 $2\,$ on what we expect somebody to live. It's no

3 science.

But future is 10,439 days, 250,536 hours, a quarter of a million hours that Ms. Roebuck is going to have without her daughter. Children are not supposed to die before parents.

So, you know, you think about the job description of unimaginable, unspeakable loss, and what hourly rate would you put in there? Well, you'll see that small numbers equal big numbers when you have that much loss.

And so if it's -- even if it's minimum wage, for past, it's half a million dollars and, for future, it's a million. If you plug in \$15, which is a living wage, then, you know, it's 2 million for past and 3 million, almost 4 million, for future for pain and suffering, for inconvenience.

And so however it's -- however it's calculated, the loss caused by Mr. Mahone is a multimillion-dollar loss. Is that 2 million, 3 million, 5 million, 7 million, 10 million? What has she gone through, and what is compensation for that? That's your job.

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Brooks -- if Brooks had stood there and said,
no, what would have happened? We don't know.

3 His number should be larger, we'd submit.

4 Flip over to Page 2, Freddie Wade.

And all of these are independent. Something happens and one's overturned, they're all individual awards. They're all individual verdicts.

Freddie Wade not only committed the intentional infliction of emotional distress, but also caused her death. So you decide what that's worth.

So here's where this case is different than most cases: Punitive damages. I'm going to read it so I get it right. "Punitive damages are appropriate when a defendant engages in conduct which is fraudulent, malicious, deliberately violent or oppressive, or committed with such gross negligence" -- not even intent, but gross negligence -- "as to indicate a wanton disregard for the rights and safety of others." That's the textbook definition of the things that you've heard.

"Punishment of the wrongdoer and deterrents of similar wrongful conduct," deterrents of

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1 similar wrongful conduct, "in the future rather 2 than compensation of the injured victim are the 3 primary policy objectives of the punitive damage

awards."

5 So when Ms. McCoy was in the car with 6 Mr. Wade, she said, "You shoot me, I'm going to 7 haunt you." This is a jury's chance -- it doesn't happen very often -- to be the conscience 9 of the community. We never get to say that in 10 other trials. In punitive damages trials, we get 11 to say "Send a message" and "Conscience of the community." It's like you unlock certain words 12

13 by punitive damages, and they're important words. I took a look at the crime statistics in 14 15 Duval County last night. They're up there. We're one of the top four in the state of 16 17 Florida, up there in the nation. We had a lot of 18 news watchers out of the 21 people we got to pick 19 from. A lot of them watch the news, and I watch

20 the news. And, heck, they're here. But how 21 often -- seven-year-old shot, killed; 21-year-old 22 shot, killed. Conscience of the community.

120 -- 112 categorized murders in 2017. They decategorized some. There's about to be a debate on that at City Hall. 2017. It's on the uptake

1 Ms. Roebuck came from the Oakland,

> 2 California, area to Jacksonville, Florida --

3 Oakland, California, to Jacksonville, Florida, to

raise a family. Lost her child and has now moved

5 back to the Oakland, California, area. I don't

6 say that to disparage either Oakland or

7 Jacksonville. Every city in America is dealing

with a drug problem and a crime problem and all

9 of that. But I do say that to say a message

10 needs to be sent about violent crime.

> One of our next lawsuits is against a rapper, and he had a song called Retaliation. And in the song Retaliation, one of the first lyrics is about payback. And we see it -- the officers can tell you if you talk to them often on the street. This type crime is a means to an end, a means to get rid of a problem because they don't think payback is coming. They're worried about -- you know, they'll get rid of any witnesses they need to. That's their payback. But you know what today is? You know what today is? Kalil McCoy's payback; okay?

I'm just a lawyer. I just say words. But today is Kalil McCoy's payback, and for that punitive damage line, it needs to be in the tens

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And the even more horrible thing about it is crime pays. Most of them are unsolved. Despite digging in garbage dumps, despite officers giving everything, so many go unsolved. This one would have gone unsolved, but for a couple of breaks. They thought they'd get away with it.

So why we're here and why this is important and why the punitive damage questions are important, because any failure to punish crime at any point is an absence of justice. Any failure to punish crime at any point is an absence of justice.

The expression is crime -- crime -- you know, crime doesn't pay. Obviously, if it didn't, people wouldn't keep doing it. But Jacksonville, Duval County, the State of Florida, America as a whole, has a chance to say in cases like this -and they need to be filed. But they need to say, oh, not only does crime not pay, but crime takes and crime punishes, and you're not going to do it

Compensatory damages must be based on full and fair assessment of the evidence. Punitive can send a message.

Page 278 of millions of dollars. Nobody over there is 1 2 going to disagree with me. They didn't take the time to show up.

4 We talked about a billion-dollar verdict in 5 Georgia in jury selection. I don't want a 6 billion-dollar verdict. A billion-dollar verdict is something nobody's afraid of. A \$40-million 8 verdict, a \$400-million verdict, that's something that people will be afraid of. And you're

Thank you.

allowed to deter crime.

THE COURT: Members of the jury, you have now heard all of the evidence, my instructions on the law that you must apply in reaching your verdict, and the closing arguments of Counsel. You will shortly retire to the jury room to decide this case. Before you do, I have a few last instructions for you.

During deliberations, jurors must communicate about the case only with one another and only when all jurors are present in the jury room. You will have in the jury room all the evidence that was received during the trial.

In reaching your decision, do not do any research on your own or as a group. Do not use

1 dictionaries, the internet, or any other

- 2 reference materials. Do not investigate the case
- 3 or conduct any experiments. Do not visit or view
- the scene of any event involved in the case or
- 5 look at maps or pictures on the internet. If you
- 6 happen to pass by the scene, do not stop or
- 7 investigate. All jurors must see or hear the
- same evidence at the same time. Do not read,
- 9 listen to, or watch any news accounts of this

trial.

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You're not to communicate with any person outside the jury about this case. Until you have reached a verdict, you must not talk about this case in person or through the telephone, writing, or electronic communication, such as a blog, Twitter, email, text message, or any other means.

Do not contact anyone to assist you, such as a family accountant, doctor, or lawyer. These communication rules apply until I discharge you at the end of the case.

If you become aware of any violation of these instructions or any other instruction that I've given you in the case, you must tell me by giving a note to the bailiff.

Any notes you have taken during the trial may

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be taken to the jury room for use during your discussions. Your notes are simply an aid to your memory, and neither your notes nor those of any other juror are binding or conclusive.

Your notes are not a substitute for your own memory or that of other jurors. Instead, your verdict must result from the collective memory and judgment of all jurors based on the evidence and testimony presented during the trial.

At the conclusion of the trial, the bailiff will collect all of your notes and immediately destroy them, and no one will ever read your notes.

In reaching your verdict, do not let bias, sympathy, prejudice, public opinion, or any other sentiment for or against any party influence your decision. Your verdict must be based on the evidence that has been received and on the law that I have instructed you.

Reaching your verdict is exclusively your job. I cannot participate in that decision in any way, and you should not guess what I think your verdict should be from something I may have said or done. You should not think that I prefer one verdict over another. Therefore, in reaching

Page 281 your verdict, you should not consider anything

that I have said or done except for my specific 3 instructions to you.

Pay careful attention to all the instructions

5 that I gave you, for that is the law that you 6 must follow. You will have a copy of my

7 instructions with you when you go to the jury

room to deliberate. All the instructions are

important, and you must consider all of them 9

10 together. There are no other laws that apply to 11 this case. And even if you do not agree with

these laws, you must use them in reaching your 12

13 decision in this case.

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When you go to the jury room, the first thing you should do is choose a presiding juror to act as foreperson during your deliberations. The foreperson should see to it that your discussions are orderly and that everyone has a fair chance to be heard.

20 It is your duty to talk with one another in 21 the jury room and to consider the views of all 22 the jurors. Each of you must decide the case for 23 yourself, but only after you have considered the 24 evidence with the other members of the jury.

Feel free to change your mind if you're

Page 282 convinced that your position should be different.

2 You should all try to agree. But do not give up

your honest beliefs just because the others think 3

differently. Keep an open mind so that you and

your fellow jurors can easily share ideas about

the case.

6 7 I will give you a verdict form with questions 8 you must answer. I have already instructed you 9 on the law that you are to use in answering these 10 questions. You must follow my instructions and the form carefully. You must consider each 11 12 question separately. Please answer the questions 13 in the order that they appear. After you answer 14 a question, the form tells you what to do.

You will be given one form of verdict, which I will read to you now. It has the case name up at the top. The court is up in the upper right, and then the case name with the parties. called "Verdict." And it says "We, the Jury, return the following verdict." And there's a caption, "Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, Kennard "Boogie" Mahone." And Question No. 1 is "What is the total amount of any past and future damages sustained by Lynnette Roebuck for her severe emotional distress caused

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by Defendant Kennard "Boogie" Mahone?" and then a 1

2 line for you to write a number.

3 And then the next heading is "Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, Jonathan 5 Brooks." And the same question for him. The 6 Question 2 is "What is the total amount of any

7 past and future damages sustained by Lynnette Roebuck for her severe emotional distress caused

by Defendant Jonathan "Flip" Brooks?" and a line 9 10 for you to put a number.

11 The next heading, "Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, Frederick Wade." Question 3 12 13 is "What is the total amount of any past and 14 future damages sustained by Lynnette Roebuck for 15 her severe emotional distress caused by Defendant

Frederick "Freddie" Wade?" and a line for you to 16 17 write a number. 18

And the next heading is "Wrongful Death," and that's against Frederick Wade. And Question No. 4 is "What is the total amount of any past and future damages sustained by the Estate of Kalil McCoy and/or Lynnette Roebuck as a result of the injury and death of Kalil McCoy?" And there are two subparagraphs. A is for "Funeral

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Expenses," and then B is "Pain and Suffering,

Loss of Support and Services," and a line for you 1 2 to put numbers. 3 The next heading is "Punitive Damages," and

Question 5 is "Under the circumstances of this case, state whether you find by clear and

convincing evidence that punitive damages are 6

7 warranted against," and then there are three 8 lines under that, "Defendant Frederick "Freddie"

Wade," and a place for you to put yes or no.

10 Just put a check or an X.

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And the next one is "Defendant Jonathan "Flip" Brooks," and a place for you to mark yes or no.

And then "Defendant Kennard "Boogie" Mahone," and a place for you to mark yes or no.

And then there's an instruction after that that says "If you have elected not to assess punitive damages against Defendant Frederick "Freddie" Wade, Defendant Jonathan "Flip" Brooks, or Defendant Kennard "Boogie" Mahone, " that you should skip the remaining questions and sign and date the verdict form.

"If, however, you have elected to assess punitive damages against one or more of these defendants, the law requires you to answer the following question."

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2 Question No. 6 is "As to each defendant for 3 whom you answered yes, what is the total amount of punitive damages, if any, which you find by the greater weight of the evidence should be 6 assessed against that defendant?"

7 And then there's a line for you to write a number next to Defendant Frederick "Freddie" Wade, Defendant Jonathan "Flip" Brooks, and 9 10 Defendant Kennard "Boogie" Mahone.

11 And then you would date and the foreperson 12 would sign the verdict form.

13 Your verdict must be unanimous; that is, your 14 verdict must be agreed to by each of you. When 15 you have finished filling out the form, your 16 foreperson must write the date and sign it at the 17 bottom and return the verdict to the bailiff.

If any of you need to communicate with me for any reason, write me a note and give it to the bailiff. In your note, do not disclose any vote or split or the reason for the communication.

22 You may now retire to decide your verdict.

23 Clerk, one second.

MR. JOHNSON: Copies of the jury

instructions?

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1 THE COURT: Yeah. With the evidence, take 2 the six copies of the instructions and the 3 verdict form.

4 (The jury exits the courtroom for 5 deliberations.)

THE BAILIFF: Do we have a calculator? They 6 7 wanted to know.

8 THE COURT: Does anyone have a calculator?

9 THE CLERK: I have one.

10 (Discussion held off the record.)

THE COURT: It looked like there might 11

12 already be a question.

THE BAILIFF: (Tendering)

THE COURT: How much were lawyer fees, total? I think the way to answer that is just to say there's no testimony or evidence presented as to the amount of attorneys' fees.

MR. PHILLIPS: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So I just put "There 20 was no testimony or evidence presented as to the amount of attorneys' fees."

22 All right. We will be in recess until we 23 hear something from the jury.

24 MR. PHILLIPS: Thank you, Judge.

25 (Brief recess)

\$3,680;

Page 287 THE COURT: All right. I understand we have 1 a verdict. 2 3 THE BAILIFF: Yes, sir. THE COURT: All right. You can bring the 5 jury in. 6 THE BAILIFF: Jurors are entering the 7 courtroom. 8 (The jury enters the courtroom.) 9 THE COURT: You can be seated. 10 Mr. Foreperson, has the jury reached a 11 verdict? 12 FOREMAN PICKMAN: They have, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Could you hand it to the bailiff, 14 please. 15 FOREMAN PICKMAN: (Complies) THE COURT: (Examining verdict) 16 17 The Court finds there are no errors or 18 omissions in the filling out of the jury form. 19 Will the clerk please publish the verdict. 20 THE CLERK: In the Circuit Court, Fourth 21 Judicial Circuit in and for Duval County,

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2 pain and suffering, loss of support and services: 3 \$10,120,000. 4 "Punitive damages. Under the circumstances of this case, state whether you find by clear and 6 convincing evidence that punitive damages are 7 warranted against: Defendant Frederick "Freddie" 8 Wade, yes; Defendant Jonathan "Flip" Brooks, yes; 9 Defendant Kennard "Boogie" Mahone, yes. 10 "As to each defendant for whom you answered 11 yes, what is the total amount of punitive 12 damages, if any, which you find by the greater 13 weight of the evidence should be assessed against 14 that defendant? 15 "Defendant Frederick "Freddie" Wade, 16 \$100 million; Defendant Jonathan "Flip" Brooks, 17 \$50 million; Defendant Kennard "Boogie" Mahone, 18 \$50 million. 19 "So say we all this 15th day of January, 20 2019. Benjamin Pickman, Foreperson." 21 THE COURT: Does Counsel wish the jury to be 22 polled? 23 MR. PHILLIPS: No, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Okay. Ladies and gentlemen, I 25 want to thank you for your time and consideration

death of Kalil McCoy? Funeral expenses:

Kennard "Boogie" Mahone, Jonathan "Flip" Brooks, individuals.

We, the jury, return the following verdict:
"Intentional infliction of emotional distress,
Kennard "Boogie" Mahone. What is the total amount of any past and future damages sustained by Lynnette Roebuck for severe emotional distress caused by Defendant Kennard "Boogie" Mahone?

\$75 million.

"Intentional infliction of emotional

distress, Jonathan "Flip" Brooks. What is the

total amount of any past and future damages

sustained by Lynnette Roebuck for her severe

emotional distress caused by Defendant Jonathan

Florida, Case No. 2013-CA-6244, Division CV-E,

Lynnette Roebuck, individually, and as personal

representative of the Estate of Kalil McCoy,

Deceased, versus Frederick "Freddie" Lee Wade,

"Flip" Brooks? \$60 million.

"Intentional infliction of emotional
distress, Frederick "Freddie" Wade. What is the
total amount of any past and future damages
sustained by Lynnette Roebuck for her severe
emotional distress caused by Defendant Frederick
"Freddie" Wade? \$150 million.

"Wrongful death, Frederick Wade. What is the total amount of any past and future damages sustained by the Estate of Kalil McCoy and/or

Lynnette Roebuck as a result of the injury and

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of this case. I also wish to advise you of some

very special privileges enjoyed by jurors.

No juror can ever be required to talk about

the discussions that occurred in the jury room
except by court order. For many centuries our
society has relied upon juries for consideration
of difficult cases. We have recognized for
hundreds of years that a jury's deliberations,
discussions, and votes should remain its private
affair so long as it wishes.

11 Therefore, the law gives you a unique 12 privilege not to speak about the jury's work. 13 Although you are at liberty to speak with anyone 14 about your deliberations, you are also at liberty 15 to refuse to speak to anyone.

A request may come from those who are simply curious or from those who might seek to find fault with you. It will be up to you to decide whether to preserve your privacy as a juror.

And on behalf of the Court and the parties, I appreciate your time and consideration of the case. You have completed your service.

23 Okay. We're adjourned.

(Whereupon, the taking of the foregoing proceedings were concluded at 11:07 a.m.)

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